





## CONSTRUCTION OF COMMON MODEL

### FOR ENVIRONMENTLY FRIENDLY DEVELOPMENT OF THE SOUTH EAST EUROPEAN SEA PORTS

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The project: **7 SEE countries** 10 SEE ports 6 research institutes **Budget** : 2300000 Euros **Duration**: 01.10.2012 30.09.2014 www.tenecoport.eu





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### **OUR VISION**

To provide decision-makers with the useful tools & policies that will help them plan the future common model for the efficiency of the Trans-European Network corridors

OUR MISSION To work jointly on eco-routes

Common Model for Environmentally and Sustainability Development of SEE ports

Inspired by a great number of initiatives undertaken at EU level, aimed at improving sustainable mobility of people and freight along the seanetwork, as well as by the extensive review process of the Trans-European Transport Network (TEN-T) policy during the last years, TEN ECOPORT aspires to a Common Model of Environmental and Sustainability Development of the SEE ports



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Structure

Every block of suggested structure of Common model for environmental port development includes outputs or results of both projects ECOPORT 8 and TENECOPORT











## **Step 1:** Environmental port diagnostic. Initial assessment of environmental status of port Port administrations & research institutes

### Step 2: Compliance with existing EU and national legislation and regulations Port administrations & research institutes



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# Step 3:

## **Creation of environmental SEE port**

### management strategy

#### **Research institutes & Port administrations**

Creation of shared Common Eco management Strategy for port areas for solving common problems includes outputs or results of TEN ECOPORT project):

- Application of advance instruments tools, methods, models. Modeling and simulation of scenarios; using ICT instruments for updating the EMS systems starting by the assessing of the vulnerabilities and risks;

- Creation of shared Programme for monitoring and management at national, local and regional level of the port areas management;

- Creation of wider network among port areas with different peculiarities improving coordination in promoting, planning and operation for effectiveness of maritime transportation; Enhancement of the permanent information channel among TEN ECOPORT Community;

- Creation of a Transnational subject as a multidisciplinary Task Force for gathering all the knowledge and experiences gained by the present projects and other future experience aimed to keep supporting and providing services



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# **Step 4:** Application of advance instruments: tools, methods, models. Modeling and simulation of scenarios

Research institutes – science knowledge; •Environmental management system (EMS) in ports

•Environmental risk analysis (ERA) in ports;

•Environmental land use plans (LUP) in ports;

Integrated coastal zone management (ICZI

•Application of advanced models (hydrodynamic, geochemical, ecosystem, oil spills, etc.)





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## **Step 5** :

### Design, development and utilization of Environmental port Monitoring

- Port administrations and research institutes
- The general principles and questions that operational environmental monitoring systems for ports should address are:
- Goals (objectives)
- •Selection of monitoring parameters (what to measure)
- Procedures of monitoring
- •Emission Limit Values (Environmental Quality Standards)
- •Sampling frequency (when to measure)
- Points of monitoring (where to measure)
- Choice of instruments and tools (how to measure)
- •Data processing (initial)



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### Step 6: Critical environmental issues. Mapping and **Environmental Risk evaluation** Port administrations – environmental port offices jointly with stakeholders – all interest groups, government organizations, NGOs, citizens





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Steps 7: **Creation of WEB-GIS** information system Research institutes & ports



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# Steps 8:

## Elaboration of an improved Managing Action Plan (MAP) for SEE ports Port administrations – Port decision makers Environmental Action programme+ Responsibility + Dateline

- A: Corrective and preventive action,
- B: Workers Safety,
- C: Measures & info Data collection,
- D: Training & Education,
- E : Good Practices,
- F: Legal issues



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## Conclusions

### Our MAP is harmonized with

### **Principles of ESPO-Green Guide [2012]**

- **1. Exemplifying:** Setting a good example towards the wider port community by demonstrating excellence in managing the environmental performance of their own operations, equipment and assets
- **2. Enabling:** Providing the operational and infrastructural conditions within the port area that facilitate port users and enhance improved environmental performance within the port area
- **3. Encouraging:** Providing incentives to port users that encourage a change of behavior and induce them to continuously improve their environmental performance
- 4. Engaging: with port users and/or competent authorities in sharing knowledge, means and skills towards joint projects targeting environmental improvement in the port area and the logistic chain
- 5. Enforcing: Making use of mechanisms that enforce good environmental practise by port users where applicable and ensuring compliance



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## THANK YOU for YOUR ATTENTION



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